S y m b o l s   &   E x p l a n a t i o n s

Bold Type

The use of **Bold Type** identifies significant words. These could be 'more common' 3+ word strings, synonyms, antonyms, homonyms, or interesting data (either singular or multi-word) which does not always match exactly but might otherwise fill a theme or motif in a different way.

Example: The 1 Kings 19:9 verse for 2 Nephi 5:19 has six words in common except "**words/word**." It would be a complete string except for this. Therefore, you have two 3+ matching word strings on either side of "**words/word**." The significance is still substantial even though it missed being a 7-word string by a single "**word**."

<u>Underlined Bold</u>

All **<u>underlined bold words</u>** indicate the instance you're reading is the *only* time it occurs in EITHER, or sometimes both, the Book of Mormon, Bible, or Apocrypha.

Example: During this same passage (above) from 2 Nephi 5:19, the words "**<u>according to the commandments of the</u>**" appears in the Book of Ecclesiasticus (29:11) from the Apocrypha. This six-word sequence appears no other time in the Bible. It is more common in the Book of Mormon since it surfaces in 2 Nephi 31:18, Jacob 5:74, and Alma 47:48. As such, these words are NOT underlined within the Book of Mormon column. *Note: By simply dropping the "s" from "commandments" you reduce the instance of this string to 3 (from 4) in the Book of Mormon and* increase *it from once to 13 times in the Bible.*

<u>Underlined Bold-Red</u>

All **<u>underlined bold-red words</u>** indicate the instance you're reading is the *only* time it occurs in BOTH the Book of Mormon and Bible/Apocrypha.

Example: During this same passage (above) from 2 Nephi 5:19, notice "**according to the commandments <u>of the</u>**" the last two words are **<u>underlined in bold-red</u>**. This is because they are part of the string "**<u>of the Lord until the</u>**" – matched with Joshua 7:6. This 5-word string never surfaces any other time in either the Bible/Apocrypha or the Book of Mormon.

[Brackets]	Words found within [brackets] are limited to the Book of Mormon side. These are words which are found in the original handwritten manuscripts but have since been changed or removed.
	Example: During this same passage (above) from 2 Nephi 5:19, notice the word **[that]** is contained within [brackets]. When first dictated, the passage read "until the time that they sought to" It currently reads "until the time they sought to"; leaving out the sometimes-undesirable word "that." However, its exclusion would also dismiss the 4-word string from First Maccabees; making the *very rare combination* of **underlined bold-red words** which currently exists in *neither* the Book of Mormon nor the standard KJV Bible.
/forward-slash/	Each verse in the Book of Mormon column has a sequence of words (normally three) found /within forward slashes/. The words within these slashes are the most common string matches in that verse to the Bible/Apocrypha.
	Example: 2 Nephi 5:19 identifies the three words "/of the Lord/" within a pair of forward slashes. No other 3-string instance from the Bible/Apocrypha *within this verse* occurs more frequently. Indeed, "/of the Lord/" surfaces nearly 2,000 times between the Bible and Apocrypha. These examples are used to highlight the most common strings found between the books, in a singular verse from the Book of Mormon.
Italics	Words found in *italics* are limited to the Book of Mormon side. These words occur *only* in the Book of Mormon and are NOT Biblical.
~~Strikethrough~~	A ~~strikethrough~~ is used with Book of Mormon words, letters, or spaces identified as being ~~incorrect~~ or in ~~error~~ in some way. These are limited in being from the original handwritten manuscripts and are found within [brackets].
◊	An illegible character within a partially legible word is rendered with a hollow diamond. Repeated diamonds represent the approximate number of illegible charac◊◊◊s. These are limited to being from the original handwritten manuscripts and are only found in the Book of Mormon column.
§	This symbol separates chapters in the Book of Mormon column.